

THE HONORABLE RICARDO S. MARTINEZ

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT SEATTLE

STAN CHRISTIANSON, individually,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE BOEING COMPANY, a Delaware  
Company with its headquarters in Illinois  
doing business in the state of Washington,

Defendant.

No. 2:20-cv-01349-RSM

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

NOTE FOR MOTION CALENDAR:  
October 7, 2021

**STIPULATION**

Plaintiff, Stan Christianson, and Defendant The Boeing Company, by and through their undersigned counsel, hereby agree to the entry of the Protective Order below.

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STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER  
(No. 2:20-cv-01349-RSM) –1

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**ORDER**

Pursuant to FRCP 26(c) and LCR 26(c) and the stipulation of the parties, the Court hereby enters the following Protective Order.

**1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS**

Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file confidential information under seal.

**2. “CONFIDENTIAL” MATERIAL**

“Confidential” material shall include the following documents and tangible things produced or otherwise exchanged: (a) either party’s accounting information or tax records, (b) Plaintiff’s medical records, (c) Boeing’s sensitive personnel, payroll, EEO, and investigative files, (d) confidential personal information for current and former employees of Boeing, including medical records, compensation, home addresses and phone numbers, performance reviews, and disciplinary history, and (e) documents that otherwise describe, contain or disclose internal company information, including customer information, intellectual property, financial information, trade secrets, competitive and strategic initiatives, business plans and other business-related information; where such information is not readily ascertainable and which the party asserting confidentiality has taken reasonable steps to maintain its confidentiality.

**3. SCOPE**

The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material;

(2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material. However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

#### **4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL**

**4.1 Basic Principles.** A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential material must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

**4.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items.** Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any confidential material only to:

(a) the receiving party's counsel of record in this action, as well as employees of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in-house counsel) of the receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney’s Eyes Only and is so designated;

(c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

(d) the Court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

(e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service

1 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately  
 2 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

3 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably  
 4 necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit  
 5 A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the Court. Pages of  
 6 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must  
 7 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted  
 8 under this agreement;

9 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or  
 10 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

11 **4.3 Filing Confidential Material.** Before filing confidential material or discussing  
 12 or referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating  
 13 party, in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to determine whether the designating  
 14 party will remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or  
 15 whether a motion to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. During the meet and  
 16 confer process, the designating party must identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential  
 17 information at issue, and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with  
 18 any objection to sealing the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures  
 19 that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from  
 20 the Court to file material under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its  
 21 information must satisfy the requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the  
 22 party filing the motion to seal. Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal  
 23 being denied, in accordance with the strong presumption of public access to the Court’s files.

## 24 **5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

25 **5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.** Each  
 26 party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must

1 take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate  
 2 standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material,  
 3 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the  
 4 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not  
 5 swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

6 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are  
 7 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to  
 8 unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary  
 9 expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

10 If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated  
 11 for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other  
 12 parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

13 **5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations.** Except as otherwise provided in this  
 14 agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or  
 15 ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must  
 16 be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

17 (a) Information in documentary form (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and  
 18 deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial  
 19 proceedings): The designating party must affix the word “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that  
 20 contains confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies  
 21 for protection, the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by  
 22 making appropriate markings in the margins).

23 (b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings: The  
 24 parties and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or  
 25 other pretrial proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate  
 26 other testimony after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days

1 after receiving the transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of  
 2 the transcript, or exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect  
 3 confidential information at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

4 (c) Other tangible items: The producing party must affix in a prominent place on the  
 5 exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word  
 6 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,  
 7 the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

8 **5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate.** If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
 9 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party's  
 10 right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a  
 11 designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is  
 12 treated in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

## 13 **6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

14 **6.1 Timing of Challenges.** Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of  
 15 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality  
 16 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic  
 17 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to  
 18 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the  
 19 original designation is disclosed.

20 **6.2 Meet and Confer.** The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute  
 21 regarding confidential designations without Court involvement. Any motion regarding  
 22 confidential designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in  
 23 a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer  
 24 conference with other affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without Court action.  
 25 The certification must list the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith  
 26 effort to confer requires a face-to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

1           **6.3 Judicial Intervention.** If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without Court  
 2 intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under  
 3 Local Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of  
 4 persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those  
 5 made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on  
 6 other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to  
 7 maintain the material in question as confidential until the Court rules on the challenge.

8           **7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN**  
 9           **OTHER LITIGATION**

10           If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels  
 11 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that  
 12 party must:

13           (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the  
 14 subpoena or court order;

15           (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in  
 16 the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to  
 17 this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

18           (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the  
 19 designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

20           **8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

21           If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential  
 22 material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving  
 23 party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized  
 24 disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material,  
 25 (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of  
 26

1 this agreement, and (d) request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and  
2 Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

3 **9. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE**  
4 **PROTECTED MATERIAL**

5 When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently  
6 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the  
7 receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This  
8 provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery  
9 order or agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties agree  
10 to the entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.

11 **10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS**

12 Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving  
13 party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts  
14 and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of  
15 destruction.

16 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all  
17 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,  
18 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert  
19 work product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

20 The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a  
21 designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

22 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED

23 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any  
24 documents in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal  
25 or state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to  
26



1 those documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or  
2 any other privilege or protection recognized by law.

3 DATED this 18<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2021.

5 

6 RICARDO S. MARTINEZ  
7 CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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9  
10 Presented by:

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**EXHIBIT A**

THE HONORABLE RICARDO S. MARTINEZ

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT SEATTLE

STAN CHRISTIANSON, an individual,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE BOEING COMPANY, a Delaware  
Company with its headquarters in Illinois  
doing business in the state of Washington,

Defendant.

No. 2:20-cv-01349-RSM

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND  
AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, \_\_\_\_\_ *[print or type full name]*, of

\_\_\_\_\_ *[print or type full address]*, declare under

penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington in the case of *Christianson v. The Boeing Company*, No. 2:20-cv-01349-RSM. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT (No. 2:20-cv-  
01349-RSM) –1

**Perkins Coie LLP**  
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Seattle, WA 98101-3099  
Phone: 206.359.8000  
Fax: 206.359.9000

1 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the  
2 Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated  
3 Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

4 Date: \_\_\_\_\_

5 City and State where sworn and signed: \_\_\_\_\_

6 Printed Name: \_\_\_\_\_

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8 Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
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**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify under penalty of perjury that on October 7, 2021, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system, which will send notification of such filing to the following:

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Prepaid  
☐ Via Overnight Courier  
☐ Via Email  
☐ Via Facsimile  
☒ Via E-Filing

Attorney for Plaintiff  
Stan Christianson

DATED this 7th day of October, 2021, at Seattle, Washington.

s/ Janet Davenport  
Legal Practice Assistant